

NEWS OF THE DAY

gunboats, three colliers, one transport, and one repair ship.

President Roosevelt is an ardent horseman and is not going to deprive himself of his favorite recreation just because he has been elected to the presidency. At the President's request, Col. Whitney of Gen. Miles' staff, who has been assigned temporarily to duty as Mr. Roosevelt's aide, has procured an army troop horse for the use of the President, and it is understood that Mr. Roosevelt will use this horse in his daily exercise.

The attendance when the Schley court of inquiry was opened was smaller than at either of the two preceding sessions. The members of the court entered a 11 and the session was begun with Commander Harber on the stand. Judge Sawyer, Schley's counsel, cross-examined Harber. In regard to the possibility of coaling the Texas on May 24th, Counsel Sawyer read from the signal book of the Brooklyn in a vain attempt to refresh witness's memory but Harber refused to recall any detail. The signals showed that orders were issued to the Texas to coal; that the Texas called the collier; but the latter refused to come along side because of rough water.

Rayner then referred to the signals sent by the Cuban near Cienfuegos to Schley's squadron. "We saw the lights displayed on two succeeding nights. We thought they were signals made by the Spaniards," said Harber. Witness then entered upon a long discussion regarding the state of the weather during the voyage of the squadron from Cienfuegos to Santiago, which occurred May 24 to 26 and was cross-examined. At 1 o'clock the court retired to decide the question whether the cross-examination should be continued along that line. The court returned at 11:50 and announced that it sustained the objection of Captain Lemly to cross-questioning witnesses. During the examination of Harber he became nettled at Rayner, who was asking him questions, but the incident was soon over and the witness proceeded with his testimony.

Commander Benton Schroeder, governor of Guam, opened the testimony after recess. During the Spanish war he was executive officer of the Massachusetts. Like preceding witness he followed the course of the fleet from Key West to Cienfuegos. Witness said the American vessel might have gone in closer and they might have steamed more slowly during the firing. At 2:40 the court withdrew to consider the question of admitting the conversation between Schroeder and the captain of the Massachusetts. In five minutes the court returned and announced that the objection was sustained.

In barring out the opinions of witnesses the Schley court has shortened the time of the inquiry by several weeks. Had they been admitted, most of the officers of the fleet from ensign up would have been called and the opinion of each would have been the subject of a long cross-examination, as most of the higher officers are known to favor the Sampson side of the controversy.

President Roosevelt has put his foot down once for all on the custom of the Chief Executive's person being guarded by detours every time he goes forth from the White House. He declared himself in such positive terms yesterday against the practice that when he went to lunch and again when he left for Commander Cowles home in the evening he was not accompanied. Few recognized him in the President of the United States, as he walked through Lafayette Square. Mr. Roosevelt does not believe that body guards are of much use, and will run his chance of attack by pistol or gun bullets fired from a distance. In the latter case personal body guards would be of absolutely no service any way.

The Cubans are to take the reins of government by the first of May. This statement was made by Governor General Wood after a conference with President Roosevelt this morning. They discussed the Cuban electoral law as drafted by the Cuban convention at Havana and will continue its consultation this afternoon. "We expect to turn the government of the island over to the Cubans by the first of next May," said General Wood. "In the meantime we will administer affairs down there as best we know how."

Plans for the reorganization of the Seventh National Bank of New York were today approved by Comptroller of the Currency Dawes. The affairs of the old bank have been satisfactorily adjusted and every depositor will be paid in full. The directors have met all their obligations. A new bank has been organized on the ruins of the old one, to be called the Federal National, with a paid up cash capital of five million dollars. An official statement will be issued by the Comptroller later.

The appointment by the President of Wm. B. Ridgely of Illinois as Comptroller of the Currency to succeed Chas. G. Dawes, resigned, was officially announced this morning.

"I am going to do my best to be the President of the whole people and not of any one section," said President Roosevelt in conversation with Senator Pritchard and Representative Klutz of North Carolina and Representative Livingston of Georgia, who had called on him to assure him that the South as a whole admired him and wished him well. "In dealing with public affairs I will give the South the same treatment that is accorded to the North and the East and the West." The President told his visitors that when he was given the naming of four men as officers of the army, he selected three from the South and one from New York.

During a conversation with some Senators and Representatives today Mr. Roosevelt said: "I am going to be President of the United States and not any section. I don't think (snapping his fingers) for sections or sections."

The President today appointed the following: Gen. O. Cornelia, of Pennsylvania, as John's Newfoundland; Alonzo R. Garrett, of West Virginia, at Nuevo Laredo, Mexico; Jesse H. Johnson, of Texas, at Santos, Brazil.

A deed has been recorded here transferring the property of the Washington and Potomac Railway to the Washington, Potomac and Chesapeake Railway. This consideration named is \$100,000.

Fire which destroyed the Women's Building, at the Springfield, Ill., fair ground last night caused a panic among the 32 young women in the building. Many escaped in their night clothes.

The large leather manufacturing plant of Steele Bros. at Gloversville, N. Y., was nearly destroyed by fire following an explosion of chemicals at 9 o'clock this morning. Several employees were badly burned but none fatally.

James J. Corbett admitted in Court in New York yesterday that he hadn't a cent in the world, no home and no source of income. Corbett says that he has been living at the rate of \$100,000 a year and that he is broke.

Secretary Gage yesterday purchased \$1,666,100 long term 4 per cent. bonds at 140.

The President has committed himself to giving freedom to Cuba as soon as is possible.

Finance has ascertained that President McKinley carried \$315,000 in life insurance policies.

There was a very severe frost throughout northern and central New York on Thursday night.

Boers have captured another company of British mounted infantry and two guns at Vlakfontein, in the Transvaal.

The Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows yesterday voted to allow copies of the secret work of the order to be made, one for each state jurisdiction.

Bradstreet reports that for the week business failures number 158, as against 182 last week, 183 in this week a year ago, 147 in 1899, 182 in 1898, and 237 in 1897.

Lord Roseberry unveiled the statue of King Alfred the Great at the millennial celebration in Winchester, England. A vast concourse of spectators was present and imposing ceremonies were held.

The Czar kept rather close to Compeigne yesterday and even President Loubet was kept in suspense by the greater part of the day as to the Russian Emperor's intentions. The Czar did not visit Paris but attended a gala performance in the Chateau theatre in the evening.

The Echo de Paris publishes a medical expert's opinion on President McKinley's case. He declares that the operation was not properly carried out, because it was incomplete. It would have been better, he says, not to operate at all. Mr. McKinley, the expert states, had a chance of life before the incomplete operation, but none afterward. The expert concludes that the cause of death was peritonitis.

Mrs. McKinley went to the cemetery at Canton, Ohio, about noon yesterday, and spent some little time at the vault in which the casket of the late President lies. She bore the trip bravely. Mrs. McKinley and Dr. Rixey were accompanied by Mrs. Barber. At the cemetery a throng, which quickly gathered about the carriage, was dispersed by the soldiers on guard. She was apprehensive lest injury be done to her husband's body, but Dr. Rixey assured her that the military guard would be maintained for 90 days.

A sensation was sprung in local political circles in Philadelphia last night when ex-Governor Pattison announced his resignation as chairman of the democratic committee as a result of the action of the county convention in nominating a straight-out democratic ticket. Coupled with this announcement was a suggestion from Mr. Pattison that a new democratic organization be formed in the city, which brought out a statement from National Committeeman James A. Guffey heartily indorsing the suggestion.

THE CONVENTION.

As stated yesterday, the majority report of the committee on privileges and elections was in favor of seating Mr. Treat in place of Mr. Gregory from Hancock and Kinz William, but it is doubtful if the report will be adopted by the convention.

The convention in the committee of the whole considered how often the legislature should meet. Judge Harrison spoke against the quadrennial plan of the committee in favor of the biennial plan, as now. Mr. Booz, Judge Marshall and Judge Turnbull defended the committee's report, and reminded the convention that while Judge Harrison had cited all the good laws, he had omitted all the bad ones. The matter did not reach a vote.

Mr. Pedigo offered an ordinance providing that the governor shall offer a reward of not less than \$300 and not more than \$500 for the arrest and conviction of any person aiding or abetting any mob organized to violate law, the reward to be paid out of the civil contingent fund, but to be refunded by the county or city where the crime is committed.

There were scores of resolutions presented in favor of the Barbour resolution, in relation to the granting of liquor licenses, and also several resolutions protesting against the appropriation of public moneys for sectarian institutions.

Mr. Wysor offered a suffrage plan, which he asked should be referred to the executive committee, and said it would eventually be reported back as his own minority report. Mr. Wysor's plan provides for every citizen privileged under the present laws to vote and gives him the privilege to select the person of his choice to assist him in preparing his ballot. It provides that no negro shall hold office in Virginia.

The judiciary committee yesterday further considered the report of the subcommittee on courts of cities and towns. The only change made was to strike out the requirement of population to be 12,500 and sub-titute 10,000 wherever it appeared in the report as formerly adopted. There was some discussion of the means of removing a judge for incompetence or corruption. There are two ways provided at present, one by a court of impeachment composed of the Senate, on articles preferred by the House of Delegates; the other by a concurrent vote of a majority of the whole membership of both branches of the legislature. The object sought is to strike out the latter provision. No vote was taken. Mr. Withers giving notice that he would call it up at the next meeting.

Mr. Withers offered a resolution that no judge of any court of record should be allowed to practice law in this State or elsewhere, or to hold any other office of trust or emolument. Mr. Braxton opposed so much of this resolution as would prohibit judges of corporation courts from acting as commissioners in chancery. He said it would practically break up the Hastings court of Staunton, whose judge had to supplement his salary by acting as commissioner. The committee arose without voting on the motion.

The subcommittee appointed to map out a plan for the circuit courts of the State, dividing it into districts, so as to provide not less than one term for every two months in each county, will make its report at the meeting of the committee next Monday. The committee is fast approaching a conclusion of its labors.

When Chairman Green calls up the report of the committee on bill of rights in a day or two Mr. Braxton, of Staunton, will renew his motion for continuing that portion of the session stricken out guaranteeing freedom of speech.

JOHN ARMSTRONG CHANLER. John Armstrong Chanler, the divorced husband of Amelia Rives, now Princess Troubetzkoy, who mysteriously escaped from an insane asylum nearly a year ago and has since been lost, arrived in Charlottesville yesterday from Lynchburg, where he has been for the last six weeks. He was met at the depot and driven to the residence of his friend and counsel, Capt. Micajah Woods. After a brief stay he, in company with Capt. Woods, left for Louisa Court-house.

The appearance at Louisa Court-house yesterday afternoon of attorneys in a civil proceeding in behalf of Mr. John Armstrong Chanler in reference to certain property in that county in which he is interested being likely to revive or originate sensational newspaper stories about him, his attorneys, Senator John W. Daniel and his law partner, Fred Harper, of Lynchburg; Micajah Woods, commonwealth's attorney for Albemarle county, Charlottesville; Armistead U. Gordon, city attorney of Staunton, and Hon. Augustus Van Wyck, of New York, have deemed it advisable, with Mr. Chanler's approval, to give a statement to the press.

On the 13th of March, 1897, Mr. Chanler, then a citizen of Albemarle county, Virginia, visiting in New York, was committed to "Bloomington Asylum" at White Plains, N. Y., on an order of a judge of the Supreme Court of that State. On Thanksgiving Eve 1900, after numerous fruitless efforts to secure legal counsel, having managed to borrow from a friend a few dollars, he escaped from the asylum and went to Philadelphia. There, under the guise of an attorney representing a client, he submitted his case to a distinguished neurologist, Dr. J. Madison Taylor, and upon Dr. Taylor's expressions of willingness to assume charge of his alleged client he disclosed his identity.

In order to afford Dr. Taylor ample time and opportunity for observation, Mr. Chanler, of his own motion and without compulsion repaired to a private sanitarium in Philadelphia, under the charge of Dr. Taylor, and remained there for six months. During this time a number of eminent alienists, neurologists and psychologists were called in consultation by Dr. Taylor. The records of the proceedings in Louisa county disclose the unanimous opinion of all these experts as to Mr. Chanler's sanity.

Later, having placed himself in touch with his counsel by correspondence, he fled from his confinement and returned to his home in Albemarle county.

Mr. Chanler, who since his escape from "Bloomington," has been believed by many persons to be dead and by many others to be dying abroad, is the picture of vigorous physical health, while his sound mentality is vouched for by eminent scientists. His commitment and confinement in New York grew out of the necessary seclusion of himself for a long period of time in the study of experimental psychology, a field of science in which those who are competent to judge award Mr. Chanler the economic merit of having made a very interesting discovery. In a book he is about to publish, entitled "The Experimental Psychology," his scientific investigations are fully set forth.

Yesterday afternoon in the Circuit Court of Louisa county in the chancery suit involving certain estates in which Mr. Chanler is interested, and where the New York committee of Mr. Chanler is seeking to control the fund, an answer and cross-bill was filed in behalf of Mr. Chanler alleging his sanity and his ability to manage his own affairs. The attorneys who represent Mr. Chanler in that court were Captain Woods, Armistead U. Gordon, of Staunton, and Fred Harper, of the law firm of Daniel & Harper, of Lynchburg. John B. Moon, of Albemarle, represented the committee. Mr. Butler of New York.

With the petition and cross-bill of Mr. Chanler were filed several certificates from some of the most eminent medical men of the United States, who had during the past eight months been in close contact with him, vouching for his entire sanity. The court entered a decree deferring the whole matter to the disposition of the funds in the cause for future consideration. It is understood that proceedings will be instituted in the County Court of Albemarle at its next term to establish the sanity and responsibility of Mr. Chanler. It is said that the suit which is about to enter may produce developments of a startling nature. His former wife, the Princess Troubetzkoy, is now in Italy.

Mr. Chanler is at present the guest of Dr. F. E. Beecher, of Music Hall, near Clumont, in the neighborhood of his home, "Merrie Mill." Those who saw Mr. Chanler yesterday assert that he seems to be in perfect health and as happy and in good spirits as a boy at the privilege of disclosing his identity and at being relieved from the necessity of being addressed under an assumed name.

In the Circuit Court of Louisa yesterday Judge John E. Mason presiding in the case of George W. Morris, trustee, against John Armstrong Chanler, committee, etc., a decree was entered submitting the case in vacation and also directing all funds to be turned over to John Armstrong Chanler as he has become sane.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Albert Helvestine died suddenly at his mother's home in Berryville yesterday morning, aged twenty-eight years.

The Leesburg Mirror has been sold by Mrs. Arthur Sheets to Mr. Robert N. Harper. Mr. H. O. Claggett will be editor and business manager.

Mr. Eugene C. Masie was among those indicted by the grand jury in Richmond yesterday, the purpose being to make a test case as to whether stock of the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company can be taxed.

Col. E. F. Brown, inspector general of the National Soldiers' Homes, has been designated as acting governor of the Hampton branch until the national board makes a permanent appointment to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Col. P. T. Woods.

Have you a sense of fullness in the region of your stomach after eating? If so you will be benefited by using Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They also cure belching and sour stomach. They regulate the bowels, too. Price, 25 cents. Sold by Richard Gibson, druggist.

Don't wait until you become chronically constipated, then take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills now and then. They will keep your liver and bowels in good order. Easy to take. Safe pills. For sale by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

The Convention. Richmond, Va., Sept. 21.—The report of the legislative committee again consumed the time of the Constitutional Convention today. The proposition to have sessions of the legislature only every four years was under consideration in the committee of the whole. Messrs. Ayers and Daniel spoke against the change. Messrs. Richmond and Withers spoke for the change. The committee rose without coming to a decision.

A Brilliant Spectacle. Bethany, near Reims, Sept. 21.—Two hundred and fifty thousand visitors spent the night in Reims, and by daylight the Paris trains began arriving at five minute intervals. Mismanagement was again evident when the invited guests for the special stands were kept herded outside the locked gates. When the gates opened the pressure of the crowd smashed the barriers and a panic followed. Women fainted and many were injured. When the Czar's train entered the station at Reims a salute of 101 guns was fired, and the crowd, rising with bared heads, cheered wildly. The Czar cast his eyes over the mass of nearly a million people in wonder. Emperor Nicholas, mounted on a superb black charger, the Empress and President Loubet in laudatory, gorgeous aides in red, white and brown uniforms, their breasts glittering with medals and their horses caparisoned in gold, silver, orange and blue, with attendant outriders, rode around the inside of the square formed by the troops and the stands. A division cheered as the Czar passed. The Czar acknowledged the cheering with a military salute. The party then returned to the pavilion and the troops formed into nine divisions of 15,000 each began to file past.

Paris, Sept. 21.—Paris had because the Czar will not visit the city. When leaving Compeigne the Czar bade adieu to all saying he would continue his journey to Russia today. At a lunch given after the manoeuvres President Loubet related the history of the dual alliance and concluded: "This day is a sufficient consecration of the work. I lift my glass to your Majesties, to the glory of Russia, the friend and ally of France. The Czar in his reply among other things said: 'We shall continue to hold dear all that concerns France. The ties which unite our countries are here again affirmed and received new sanction in these proofs of reciprocal sympathy which are so feelingly echoed in Russia. This union of two great powers is animated by the most pacific intentions—the careful protection of our own rights, and yet not seeking aggressions against those of others.'"

Foreign News. Vienna, Sept. 21.—A petroleum train ran into the Vienna express at Paldorf, Hungary, at 2 o'clock this morning. The oil on the petroleum train caught fire and both trains were consumed. The casualties were eight killed and nine injured. The damage amounted to about \$200,000.

Pietermaritzburg, Natal, Sept. 21.—The Boers captured a lot of horses and cattle on the upper Tugela on Monday. It is believed that the British garrison at Acronhom was afterwards engaged with the Boers, but no details are as yet available.

Rome, Sept. 21.—The Pope was greatly pleased by the reply from America stating that his message of sympathy over the death of President McKinley had moved the entire nation. He remarked sadly, "The sympathy and deference of Protestant nations is in striking contrast with the indifference of the majority of the Catholic powers."

The Big Horse Race. Readeville, Mass., Sept. 21.—The big horse event of the fall occurred here this afternoon when Crescents and The Abbot met for a \$20,000 stake offered by Thomas W. Lawson. When the pools were opened The Abbot sold for \$100 and Crescents for \$30. About 15,000 people were present. First heat: Crescents had the pole at the quarter with two lengths lead. The Abbot broke. Crescents kept the lead to the finish. Time 2:10 1-2.

Second heat—The Abbot had a slight advantage at the start. Crescents led at the quarter by a length. The Abbot closed in and led at the half by 1 1/2 lengths. Crescents closed in strong, but The Abbot finished by a head. Time 2:08 1/2.

Crescents won the third heat. Crescents won the fourth heat and the race.

Mrs. McKinley. Canton, O., Sept. 21.—Dr. Rixey authorized this statement this morning regarding Mrs. McKinley. "Mrs. McKinley's grief is intense. She is too much as can be expected. Too much encouragement should not be taken at this early day." Mrs. McKinley passed the second night since the funeral in about the same way she did the previous night. Dr. Rixey's plan to have her go out every day the weather and her health will permit, is to be carried out today.

Steamer's Boiler Explodes. Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 21.—Word has just reached here of an explosion at Parkersburg in which several are reported killed and a number injured. The report is that the boiler of a ferry boat using gasoline for fuel, exploded wrecking the craft.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.

FRANK S. CHENEY makes oath that he is a resident of the city of Toledo, Ohio, and is duly qualified to act as a notary public in and for said city and county, and that said city and county are in and for the State of Ohio.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1899.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are taken internally, and act directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

When you want a pleasant phylic try the new remedy, Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at Richard Gibson's drug store.

A never failing cure for cuts, burns, scalds, wounds and sores is Dr. Williams' Witch Hazel Salve. A most soothing and healing remedy for all skin affections. Accept only the genuine. For sale by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons.

DRY GOODS.

LANSBURG & BRO., Washington's Favorite Store.

Business Hours 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Saturdays 9 o'clock.

Saturday Specials.

Children's Reefers.

Olds and Fuds in Children's Reefers, suitable for fall wear—not this year's styles—but made of fine quality materials—brad trimmed—colors red, blue and green—have formerly sold for \$3.45 and \$2.95. Sizes 3 to 5 years. SPECIAL WHILE THEY LAST. 98c

Corsets.

An excellent Corset, made of jean—extra long waist—high and low bust—short and long hip. A corset that is actually worth 75c. All sizes. Special. 49c

C. B. Corsets—made of black satin—extra long waist—high hip—medium bust—75c all sizes—an excellent value for the money.

Ribbon Special.

One lot No. 1 Satin—ck Velvet Ribbon in all the new light and dark shades; regular price 49c. Piece for. 39c

Free Daily Deliveries to Alexandria.

Lansburgh & Bro., 420 to 426 Seventh street, WASHINGTON, D. C.

PATENTS.—The following patents granted to residents of Virginia, were reported especially for the Gazette, by Davis & Davis, Washington patent attorneys.

682,705. Contact device for conduit electric railways. Wilton F. Jenkins, Richmond.

682,706. Contact device for conduit electric railways. Wilton F. Jenkins, Richmond.

682,707. Contact device for conduit electric railways. Wilton F. Jenkins, Richmond.

682,708. Suspensory device for trailing contacts for conduit electric railways. Wilton F. Jenkins, Richmond.

682,709. Insulator. Wilton F. Jenkins, Richmond.

682,710. Bond for electric railway conductors. Wilton F. Jenkins, Richmond.

682,872. Railroad car ventilating apparatus. Frank L. Johnson, Richmond, as agent of one half to Agner Sidney Buford, same place.

683,002. Surface cattle guard. Robt. S. East, Front Royal.

Charles C. Delmonico, proprietor of the famous restaurant in New York, died at Colorado Springs yesterday of consumption. Mr. Delmonico went there in June for the benefit of his health. He leaves a wife. He was 40 years of age.

The September number of Woman's Home Companion, which is published by The Crowell & Kippick Co., Springfield, O., has been received. This issue has many attractive features. An article well written and illustrated, on First Mansions in America is of special interest.

Dr. Bull's Celebrated Pills cure many ills. One pill a dose. Box, 50 pills, 10 cts. Cure Constipation, Liver Troubles, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Impure Blood, and Bowel Disorders. Female Complaints, Stomach and Bowel Disorders. Dr. Bull's Pills never gripe. Sold by Richard Gibson and all druggists.

Norris Silver, North Stratford, N. H.: "I purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure when suffering with a cough doctors told me was incurable. One bottle relieved me, the second and third almost cured. Today I am a well man. For sale by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

New York, Sept. 21.—The stock market opened fairly active, at irregular prices, as compared with last night's closing.

WHOLESALE PRICES IN ALEXANDRIA

Flour Extra	2 75	3 15
Family	3 00	3 30
Wheat, longberry	0 75	0 80
Mixed	0 68	0 70
Feits	0 65	0 68
Damp and tough	0 50	0 55
Corn, white	0 62	0 65
Mixed	0 60	0 63
Yellow	0 60	0 63
Corn Meal	0 65	0 68
Oats	0 45	0 50
Oats, mixed	0 45	0 48
White	0 48	0 50
Elgin First Extra	0 21	0 22
Butter, Virginia, packed	0 16	0 17
Choice Virginia	0 16	0 18
Common to middling	0 10	0 12
Eggs	0 18	0 19
Live Chickens (hens)	0 12	0 13
Spring chickens	0 13	0 14
Veal Calves	0 54	0 60
Potatoes, Va., bush	0 90	1 00
Sweet Potatoes, bbl.	2 00	2 50
Onions, per bushel	0 90	1 00
Dried Apples	0 8	0 9
Beacon country hams	0 124	0 13
Best sugar-cured hams	0 124	0 13
Butcher's hams	0 124	0 13
Breakfast Bacon	0 13	0 134
Sugar-cured shoulders	9	0 94
Box shoulders	0 84	0 9
Dry Salted	0 84	0 84
Fat Bacon	0 8	0 84
Bellies	0 9	0 94
Smoked shoulders	0 84	0 9
Smoked sides	0 94	0 10
Lard	0 94	0 94
Smoked Beef	0 14	0 144
Hoggs—Brown	4 75	4 79
Off A	0 00	0 47
Conf. standard A	0 00	0 52
Granulated	5 62	5 79
Offices—Rio	0 84	0 12
Lathania	0 14	0 16
Java	0 16	0 26
Molasses B. S.	0 17	0 22
C. B.	0 17	0 22
New Orleans	0 20	0 45
Salt—G. A.	0 63	0 65
Fine	0 95	1 40
Turk's Island	0 17	0 18
Wool—long	0 24	0 26
Merino, unwashed	0 15	0 16
Do. washed	0 20	0 22
Dried Peaches, peeled	0 18	0 28
Port Rico	0 18	0 28
Sugar Syrup	0 16	0 24
Herring, Eastern per bbl	6 00	6 50
Potomac No. 1	3 75	3 90
Potomac family roe	4 00	4 50
Do. half barrel	2 00	2 25
Potomac Shad	9 00	10 00
Mackerel, small, per bbl.	12 50	13 00
No 3 medium	13 00	13